

General Election 2017: Wales

Prof Roger Awan-Scully

Presentation to the Annual Conference of the American Political Science Association, Boston, 2018

- 1. Introduction: 100 Years of Labour Dominance
- 2. The Campaign in Wales
- 3. The Results in Wales
- 4. Was it Carwyn Wot Won it? Or Jeremy?
- 5. Conclusion

- 1. Introduction: 100 Years of Labour Dominance
- 2. The Campaign in Wales
- 3. The Results in Wales
- 4. Was it Carwyn Wot Won it? Or Jeremy?
- 5. Conclusion



The Campaign in Wales...

 Traditional British/Welsh campaign from Conservatives

versus

Welsh Labour



Canolfan Llywodraethiant Cymru

Wales Governance Centre



Wales Governance

FORWARD, TOGETHER

Our Plan for a Stronger Britain and a **Prosperous Future**

THE CONSERVATIVE AND UNIONIST PARTY MANIFESTO 2017

FORWARD, TOGETHER

Our Plan for a Stronger Wales, a Stronger Britain and a Prosperous Future

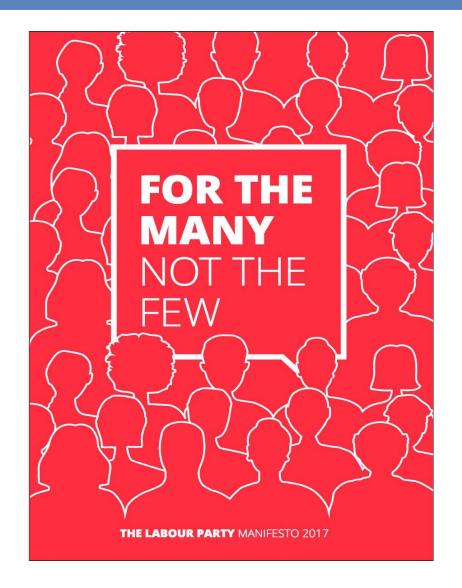
THE WELSH CONSERVATIVE PARTY MANIFESTO 2017

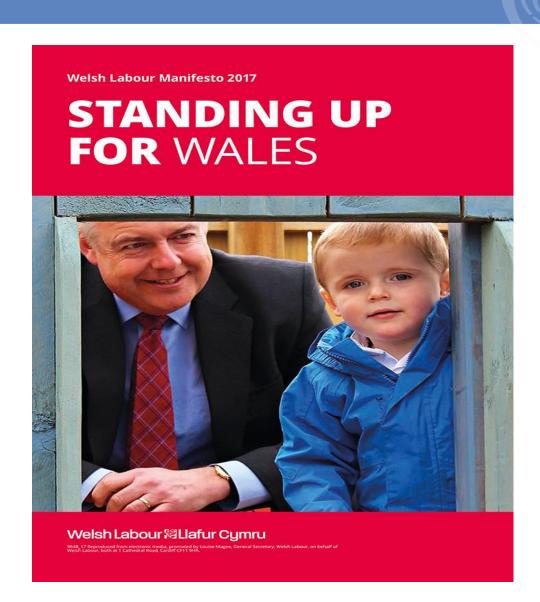




Canolfan Llywodraethiant Cymru

Wales Governance Centre







Canolfan Llywodraethiant Cymru

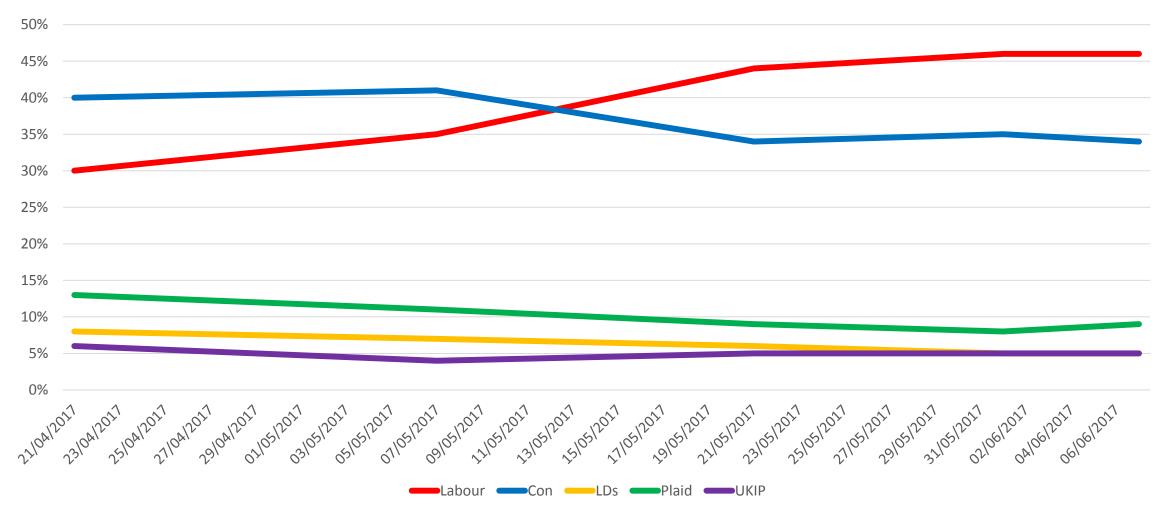
Wales Governance Centre







2017 Polls, Wales



- 1. Introduction: 100 Years of Labour Dominance
- 2. The Campaign in Wales
- 3. The Results in Wales
- 4. Was it Carwyn Wot Won it? Or Jeremy?
- 5. Conclusion



The Results: 2017 General Election: Wales

Party	Vote Share (Change on 2015)	Seats (Change on 2015)
Labour	48.9% (+12.1)	28 (+3)
Conservative	33.6% (+6.3)	8 (-3)
Plaid Cymru	10.4% (-1.7)	4 (+1)
Liberal Democrats	4.5% (-2.0)	0 (-1)
UKIP	2.0% (-11.6)	0
Greens	0.3% (-2.2)	0
Others	0.2% (-0.1)	0



The Results: Labour

- Won most votes and seats for 26th successive general election in Wales (1922 onwards)
- Highest vote share since 1997; and vote share decline in 0 seats in Wales
- Lost 0 deposits
- Highest Vote Share: Aberavon: 68.1%
- Lowest Vote Share: Montgomeryshire: 15.9%

Best Vote Share Changes From 2015

- Cardiff Central: +22.4%
- Aberavon: +19.2%
- Swansea West: +17.2%
- Cardiff South & Penarth: +16.7%
- Cardiff West: +16.0%

- Blaenau Gwent: +0.0%
- Brecon & Radnor: +3.3%
- Carmarthen East & Dinefwr: +5.6%
- Dwyfor Meirionydd: +7.2%
- Ogmore: +9.5%

The Results: Conservatives

- Highest Welsh vote share since 1935
- Vote shared declined in only one seat in Wales
- Lost 0 deposits
- Highest Vote Share: Monmouth: 53.1%
- Lowest Vote Share: Rhondda: 10.1%

Best Vote Share Changes From 2015

- Islwyn: +12.1%
- Wrexham: +12.0%
- Swansea East: +10.7%
- Clwyd South: +8.7%
- Caerphilly: +8.6%

- Cardiff North: -0.3%
- Vale of Glamorgan: +1.4%
- Preseli Pembrokeshire: +3.0%
- Carmarthen West & South Pembs: +3.1%
- Aberconwy: +3.1%



The Results: Plaid Cymru

- Lowest vote share since 1997
- Vote shared increased in only six seats
- Lost 16 deposits
- Highest Vote Share: Dwyfor Meirionydd: 45.1%
- Lowest Vote Share: Newport East: 2.4%

Best Vote Share Changes From 2015

- Blaenau Gwent: +12.3%
- Dwyfor Meirionydd: +4.3%
- Ceredigion: +1.6%
- Carmarthen East & Dinefwr: +0.9%
- Montgomery: +0.4%

- Swansea East: -5.6%
- Rhondda: -4.7%
- Llanelli: -4.7%
- Cardiff West: -4.4%
- Neath: -4.2%



The Results: Liberal Democrats

- Vote share down 2.0 points on dreadful 2015 result
- Lowest vote share in Wales ever; lower than in Scotland or England
- Vote share increased in only two seats
- Lost 36 deposits
- Highest Vote Share: Brecon & Radnor: 29.1%
- Lowest Vote Share: Rhondda: 0.8%

Best Vote Share Changes From 2015

- Brecon & Radnor: +0.8%
- Preseli Pembrokeshire: +0.7%
- Carmarthen East & Dinefwr: -0.1%
- Carmarthen West & South Pembs: -0.1%
- Arfon: -0.4%

- Cardiff Central: -13.7%
- Pontypridd: -8.0%
- Ceredigion: -6.9%
- Swansea West: -5.6%
- Montgomery: -4.1%



The Results: UKIP

- Lost more than five-sixths of 2015 vote share in Wales
- All 32 Welsh candidates lost deposits; in 2015, stood 40 candidates and all retained deposit
- Highest Vote Share: Islwyn: 4.4%
- Lowest Vote Share: Cardiff Central: 0.8%

Best Vote Share Changes From 2015

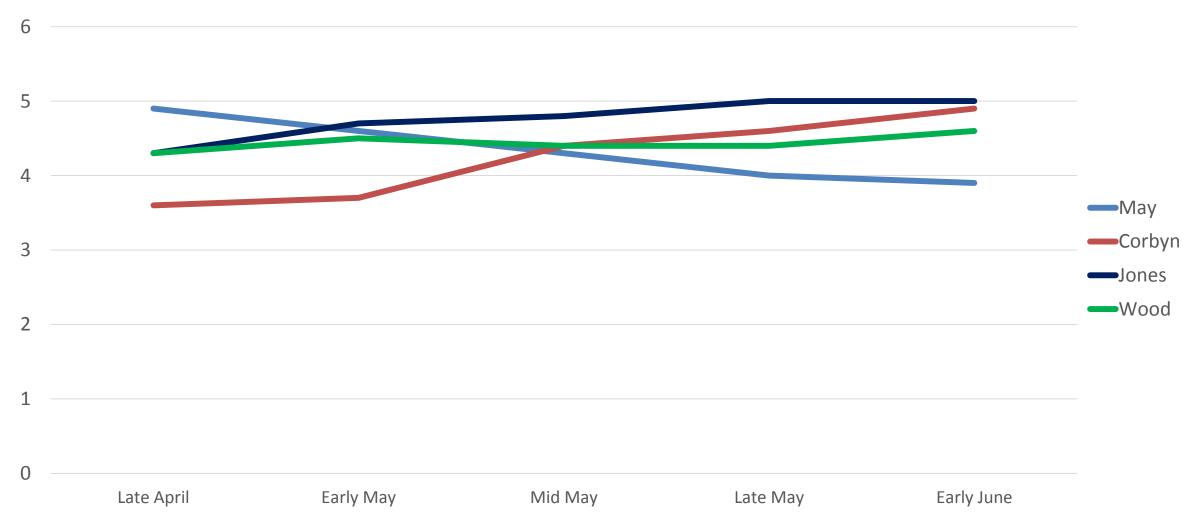
- Cardiff Central: -5.6%
- Cardiff North: -6.6%
- Brecon & Radnor: -6.9%
- Arfon: -8.5%
- Preseli Pembrokeshire: -8.5%

- Delyn: -16.4%
- Caerphilly: -16.3%
- Wrexham: -15.5%
- Newport East: -15.2%
- Torfaen: -15.1%

- 1. Introduction: 100 Years of Labour Dominance
- 2. The Campaign in Wales
- 3. The Results in Wales
- 4. Was it Carwyn Wot Won it? Or Jeremy?
- 5. Conclusion



Average Party Leader Ratings, Wales, April-June 2017





Modelling Vote Choice in 2017 in Wales

- Logit model: Voted Labour or not (among those voting)
- Explanatory variables
 - Social Background: Age, Sex, Class, Education
 - General Political: Left-Right self-placement, Brexit vote choice, Govt approval (UK and Welsh), Party ID
 - Leader Ratings: main two at UK and Welsh level (May, Corbyn, Jones, Wood)



Modelling 2017 Vote Choice in Wales

Model	% cases correctly predicted	Pseudo R ²	
Age, Education, Class, Sex	62.5	.09	
Ideological self-placement	73.5	.22	
Brexit Vote	64.0	.05	
Party ID	81.1	.41	
Government Approval	77.6	.30	
Leader Ratings	86.0	.55	
Composite Model	88.3	.64	

Modelling 2017 Vote Choice in Wales

Iteration 5: log pseudolikelihood = -425.93044

Logistic regression

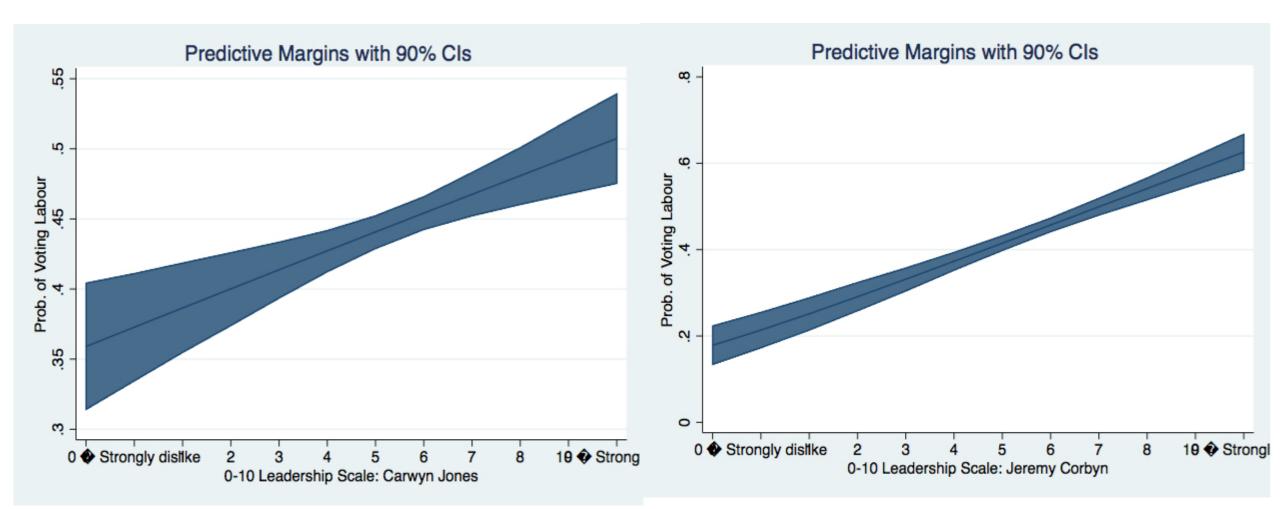
Number of obs = 2,088 Wald chi2(26) = 583.20 Prob > chi2 = 0.0000 Pseudo R2 = 0.6438

Log pseudolikelihood = -425.93044

VoteLaborNot	Coef.	Robust Std. Err.	z	P> z	[95% Conf.	. Interval]
politics_scale_profile_update	.0477269	.0916959	0.52	0.603	1319937	.2274474
Female	.1328836	.1791002	0.74	0.458	2181464	.4839136
RemainVoter	5314541	.2201335	-2.41	0.016	9629079	1000004
ap3d	.1064999	.0516171	2.06	0.039	.0053322	.2076676
ap3i	1468259	.0417117	-3.52	0.000	2285792	0650725
ap3a	2664684	.0452476	-5.89	0.000	3551521	1777847
ap3b	.4128024	.0390782	10.56	0.000	.3362106	.4893941
Age1824	1.832253	.521978	3.51	0.000	.8091945	2.855311
Age2534	1.588998	.364957	4.35	0.000	.8736958	2.304301
Age3544	.7631342	.2815522	2.71	0.007	.2113021	1.314966
Age4554	.7912588	.2702548	2.93	0.003	.2615692	1.320948
Age5564	.3755516	.23965	1.57	0.117	0941538	.8452569
Edu0Level	8370075	.4265196	-1.96	0.050	-1.672971	0010444
EduALevel	3512814	. 4475355	-0.78	0.432	-1.228435	.5258722
EduUni	6075347	.4093028	-1.48	0.138	-1.409753	.194684
Edu0ther	5963091	.3987753	-1.50	0.135	-1.377894	.1852763
SocgradeAB	.3367933	.6428505	0.52	0.600	9231706	1.596757
SocgradeC1	.0971528	.6421775	0.15	0.880	-1.161492	1.355798
SocgradeC2	0493324	.6533614	-0.08	0.940	-1.329897	1.231232
SocgradeDE	.0907879	.6510968	0.14	0.889	-1.185338	1.366914
PartyIDTory	9957316	.3648723	-2.73	0.006	-1.710868	280595
PartyIDLab	2.056538	.2371621	8.67	0.000	1.591709	2.521367
PartyIDLD	.0663016	.351585	0.19	0.850	6227923	.7553954
PartyIDPlaid	-1.01514	.3285636	-3.09	0.002	-1.659113	3711674
UKGovtapproval_1	3089119	.121271	-2.55	0.011	5465986	0712251
WGovtapproval_2	.2394571	.1311127	1.83	0.068	0175191	.4964332
_cons	-2.122716	.8755246	-2.42	0.015	-3.838713	4067194



Modelling Vote Choice in 2017 in Wales: Carwyn .v. Corbyn



- 1. Introduction: 100 Years of Labour Dominance
- 2. The Campaign in Wales
- 3. The Results in Wales
- 4. Was it Carwyn Wot Won it? Or Jeremy?
- 5. Conclusion: the End of British Party Politics?



The End of British Party Politics?

 Divergence of results across nations of UK

- Increasing differentiation of party organisation and campaigning
- But mixed impact? Wales an example where UK-level factors still driving vote choice





Diolch / Thanks

scullyrm@cardiff.ac.uk
http://blogs.cardiff.ac.uk/electionsinwales/



@Roger_Scully